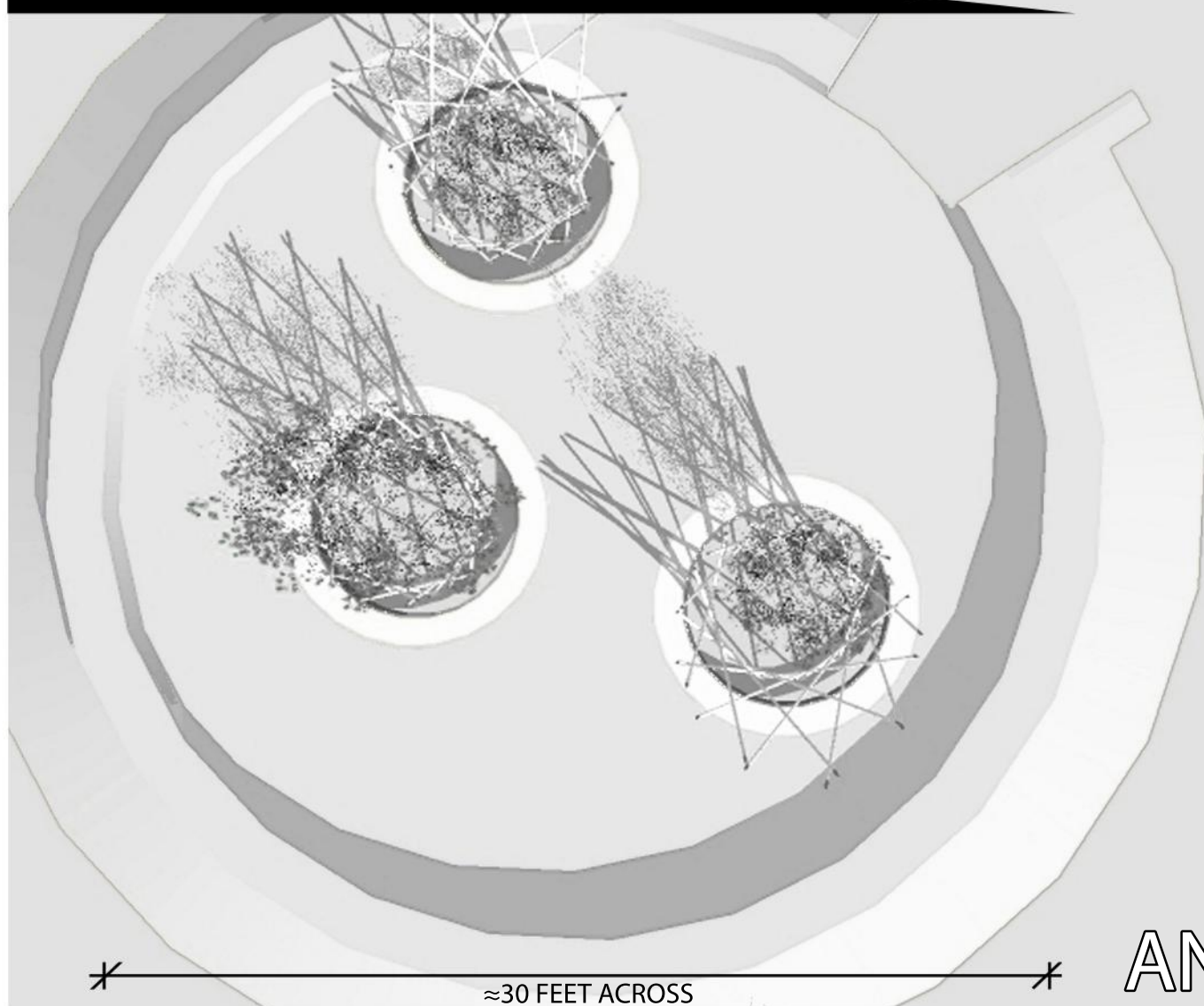
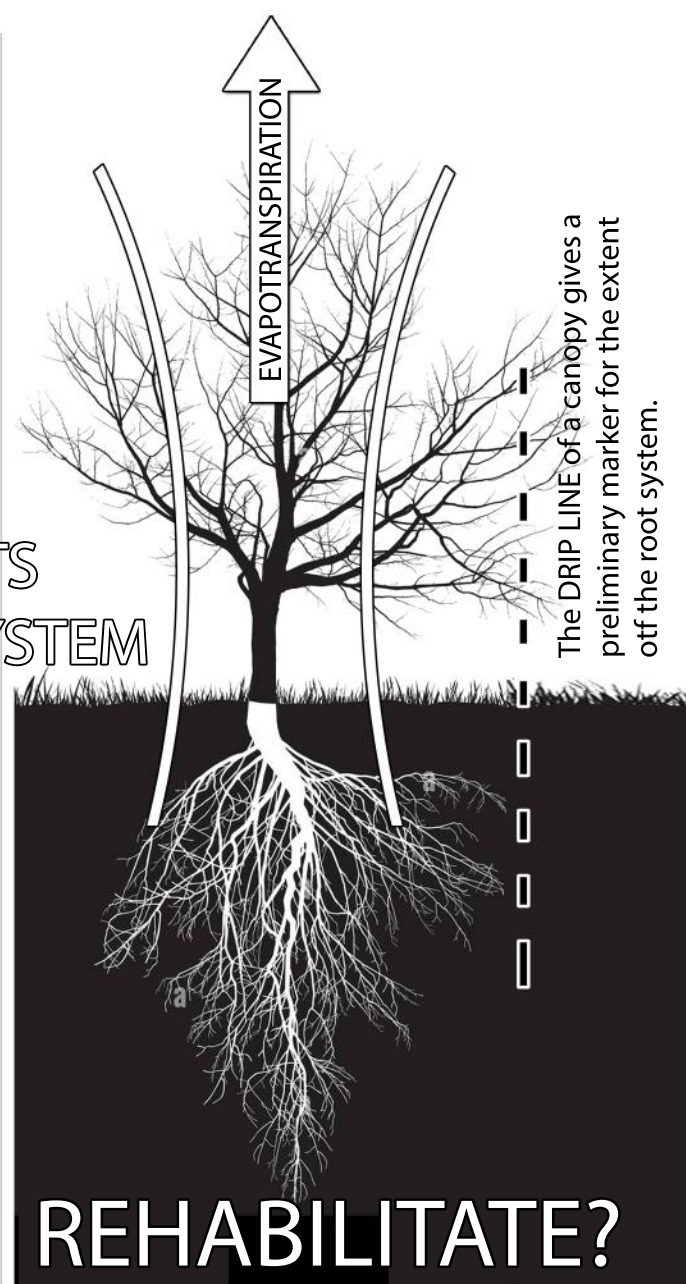


DISPLACEMENT



CANOPY & ROOTS
AS ECOSYSTEM

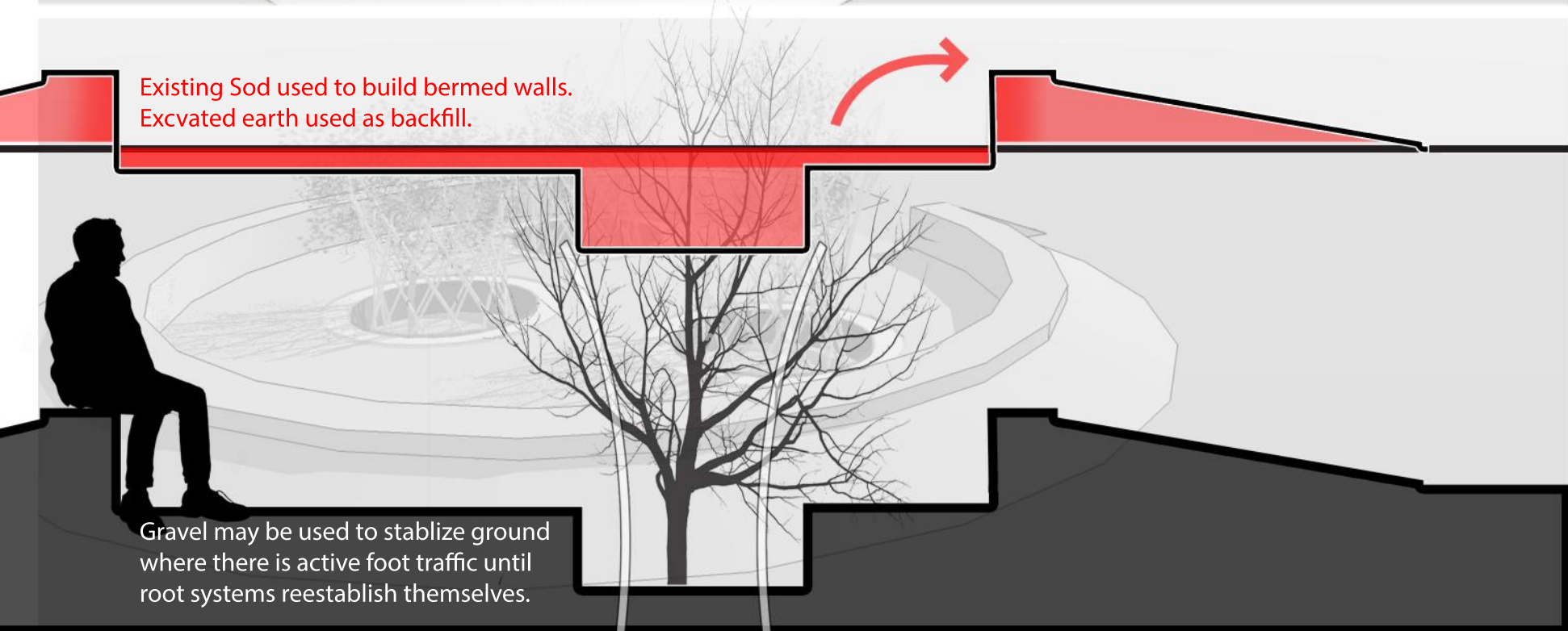
HOW DOES
AN ECOSYSTEM



REHABILITATE?



A yurt maker told me that Red Maple has a good strength and exterior longevity when the bark is left on.
If possible explore the use of Spruce Roots for lashing. Reference indigenous knowledge and canoe making.



Existing Sod used to build bermed walls.
Excavated earth used as backfill.

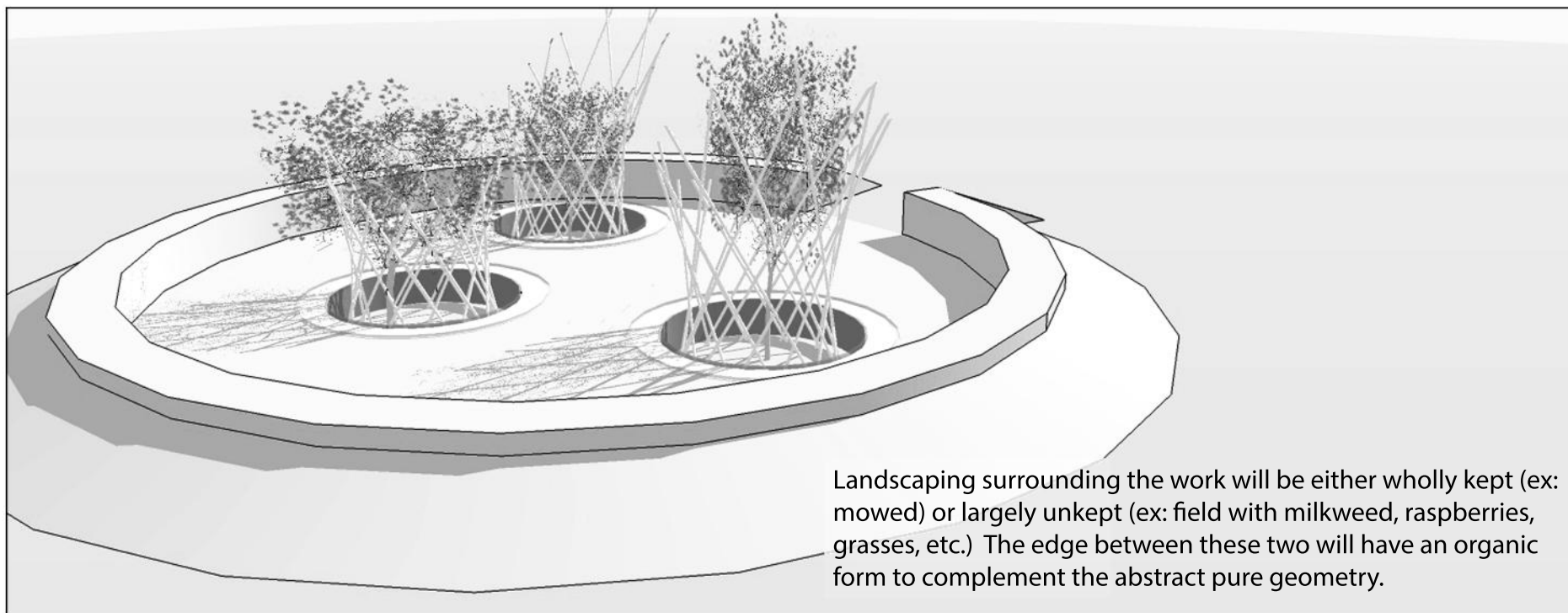
Gravel may be used to stabilize ground where there is active foot traffic until root systems reestablish themselves.

This proposal is a layering of many ecological models. It can be experienced intuitively, easily and playfully or it can become a tool for education, awareness & curiosity.

It starts with the relationship between a tree's canopy and its root system. Not only is this expressed formally by exploring concepts such as the "Drip Line" and how the entire tree biologically acts as a unified system for evapotranspiration but it also considers how trees evoke in the human psyche feelings of aspiration.

A vertical formwork made from red maple saplings lashed together is constructed around each live sapling to mirror its growth patterns. Many saplings will be harvested and displaced for the creation of this artwork. Additionally, the soil is displaced to create an amphitheatre for the work. A shallow pit is created around each sapling to evoke its extension into the ground. The root system of existing sod is repurposed to create the surrounding wall and excess dirt is used to backfill around the outside.

From here, the proposal becomes an act witnessing passive rehabilitation. How do canopy and roots systems rehabilitate after a disturbance?



LANDSCAPE AS PROCESS. ECOLOGY AS STORY.



GARDENING AS **DISPLACEMENT & REHABILITATION.**
SCULPTURE AS A CONSTRUCTIVE INTENT.

